

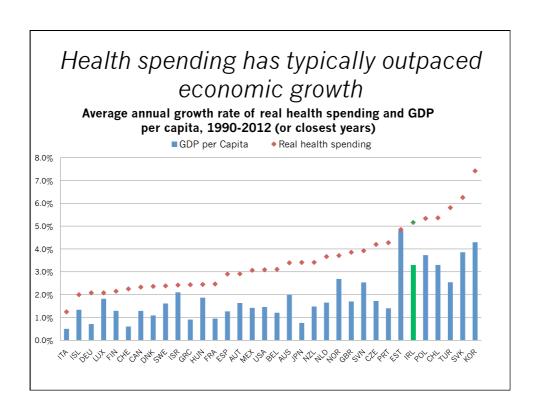


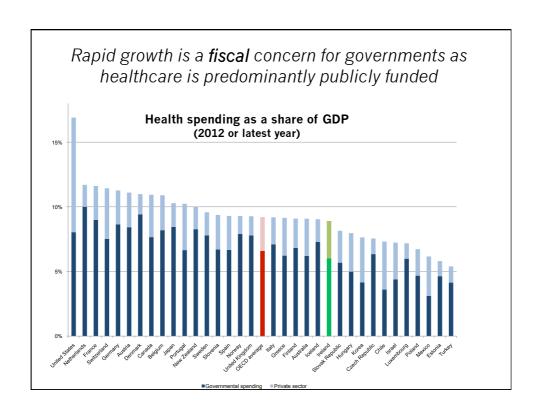


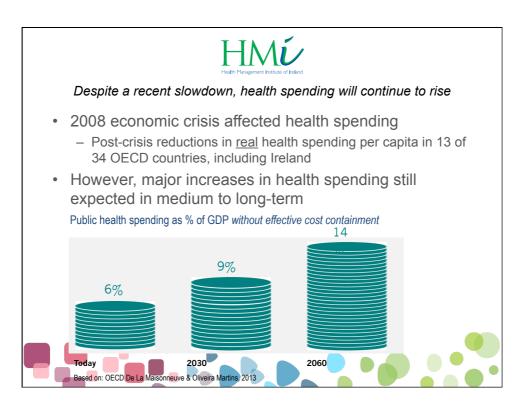
Key points

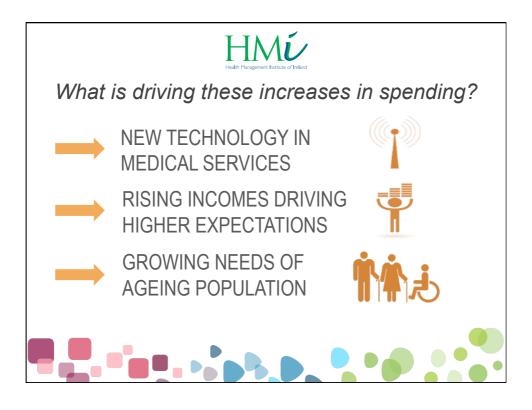
- Health spending is likely to continue to grow as a share of the economy
- It will pose a major fiscal sustainability challenge to governments unless:
 - We reallocate public funds from other areas or raise new funds
 - We reassess the boundaries between public and private expenditure
 - We deliver better value for money









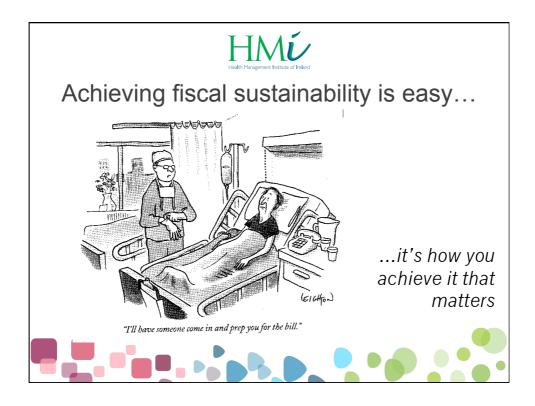




Why is controlling expenditure on health care so difficult?

- Healthcare considered by most finance/budget officials as one of the most complex expenditure areas and one of the hardest areas to control costs
 - Very high priority for citizens
 - Many stakeholders involved
- Achieving fiscal sustainability of health systems is therefore a major challenge



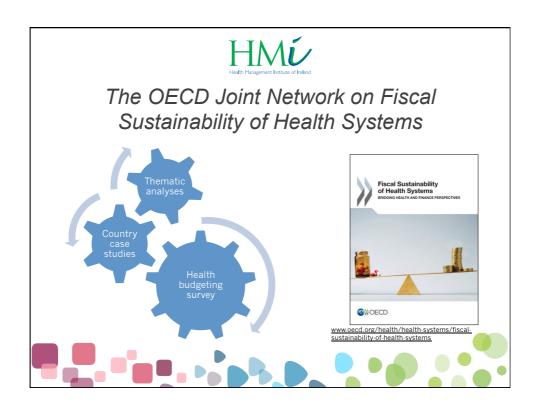


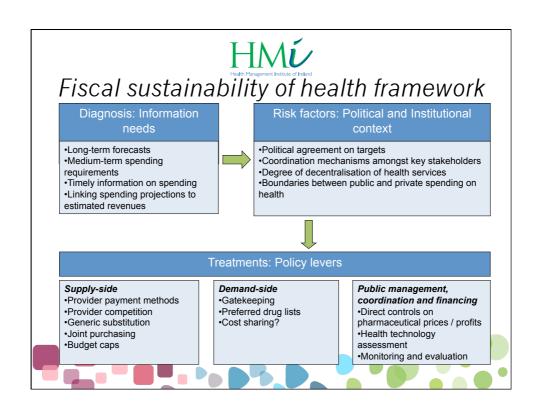


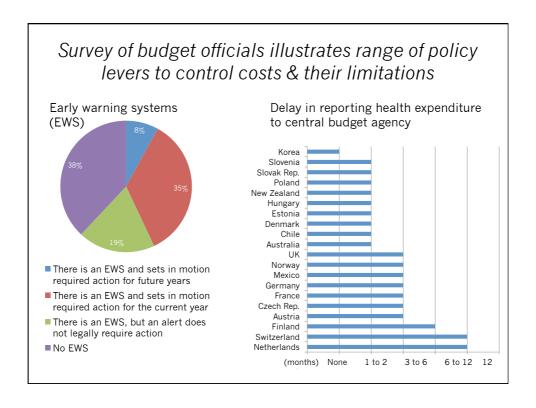
There are 3 broad policy options

- 1. Reallocate public funds from other areas; raise more revenues for health
- 2. Deliver better value for money & eliminate waste
- 3. Reassess the boundaries between public and private spending











Concluding thoughts

- Health spending is likely to continue to grow as a share of the economy
- Without major reform, this will put great pressure on public budgets
 - Implement reforms that will improve value-for-money
 - Reassess boundaries between public and private spending
 - Blanket increases in private health spending is not the solution
- Political economy aspect is also crucial





