Health Service Capacity Review 2018



Health Systems and Structures

Policy and Strategy Division

Department of Health



Contents

- 1. Background
- 2. Stakeholder Engagement
- 3. Methodology
- 4. Reform Scenarios
- 5. Key Findings
- 6. Next Steps
- 7. Questions



Background





The Health Service Capacity Review 2018 fulfils a commitment in the Programme for a Partnership Government.

At the outset, it was agreed to extend the scope of the Review beyond acute hospital bed capacity and to include key components of primary care and services for older persons, in acknowledgement of the interdependencies of capacity across the system and the need to consider reform proposals as part of the analysis.

Aims of the Review

To provide analysis and assessment of future capacity requirements.

To provide quantitative data on the impacts of reform to support changes in the model of care.

To provide an evidence base for additional resources.

As the Review progressed, to change the narrative on the need for additional acute capacity.



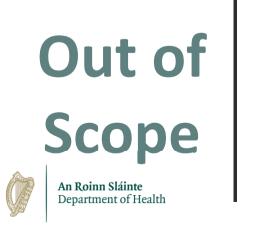
Terms of Reference

To determine and review current capacity, both public and private, in the health system and benchmark with international comparators.

To determine drivers of future demand and estimate impact on capacity requirements to 2031.

To consider and analyse how key reforms to the model of care will impact on future capacity requirements across the system.

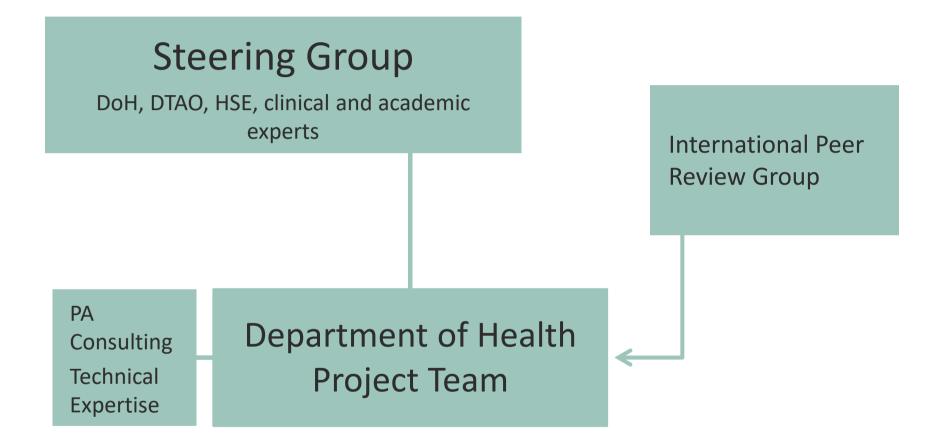
To provide an overall assessment, including prioritisation and sequencing, of future capacity requirements on a phased basis for the period 2017 – 2031 at a national and regional level, cognisant of resource availability.



Given the time constraints, the following were not considered:

- Mental Health Services
- Disability Services
- Some aspects of Primary Care, Palliative and Ambulance Care
- Workforce Capacity (except primary care)
- Costing of additional capacity requirements
- Costing of replacing/upgrading existing capacity

Guiding the Review





Stakeholder engagement

Workshops with key stakeholders [PA Consulting]	 First Wave Workshop: Testing baseline assumptions and consideration of policies and reforms for alternative scenarios Second Wave Workshop: Testing baseline results and further consideration of potential reform scenarios as well as identifying evidence to support the assessment of the impact 		
Bi-lateral Consultations	PA met with a range of ke HSE Leadership Insurers Private hospital sector	ey stakeholders including: Hospital Groups Department of Health & HSE units	
Public Consultation [DOH]	The Department ran a public September 2017 The consultation called for su stakeholders based on a cons	bmissions from interested	

Methodology

- 1. Baseline Demand: 2016 Activity + Unmet Demand.
- 2. Projected forward using:
 - I. Demographic Projections [CSO M2F2]
 - II. Non-Demographic Factors [Trend analysis 2012-2016].
- 3. Waiting List Reduction.
- 4. Baseline Demand Forecast.
- Convert to Capacity using assumptions on resource usage [LOS], resource availability [opening hours] and resource utilisation [OR].
- 6. Apply an improvement in occupancy rates for acute beds
- 7. Overlay Reform Scenarios



The outcome of the consultation process and discussions at Steering Group meetings was the decision to focus on three potential reforms.

Reform 1 Improved Health and Wellbeing

Reform 2

Improved Model of Care Centred around Comprehensive Community-Based Services Reform Scenario 2 focussed on: Developing a comprehensive primary and community care service through raising CHO capacity and:

- More proactive management of chronic diseases in the community leading to a reduction in ED, IP EL and NEL admissions for 65+
- Increases in primary and social care activity (Public Health Nursing, Homecare, ST residential care and CIT services
- 15% reduction in ED admissions and Medical NEL (>65s)
- Cohorted wards within hospitals and reduced LOS for 65+ population

The outcome of the consultation process and discussions at Steering Group meetings was the decision to focus on three potential reforms.

Reform 1 Improved Health and Wellbeing

Reform 2

Improved Model of Care Centred around Comprehensive Community-Based Services

Reform 3

Hospital Productivity Improvements Reform Scenario 3 focussed on: **3A. More efficient use of acute HG resources through:**

- 10% of day case surgery moving to
 OPD + primary care
- IP LOS reduction due to better patient flow from better separating IP EL and NEL
- IP EL operating at a higher safe occupancy rate (90%)

3B. Improved patient flow and productivity / throughput :

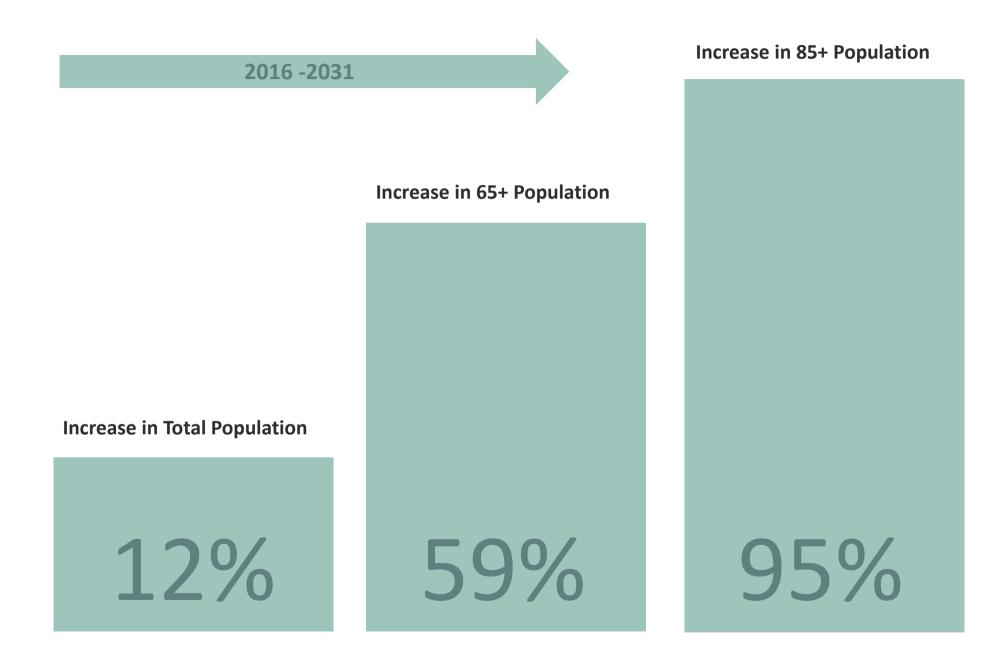
- ALOS reduced to national median LOS (max reduction 20% per HG)
- 30% daycase throughput improvement (from 2.0 to 2.6 cases)
- 40% increase in AMU throughput
- Reduction in ratio OPFA to OPFU
- 20% medical day case to OPD



Drivers of Demand Growth



Our Population is Increasing and Ageing...



Age Profile of Service Users (2016)

AGE GROUPS	ED	AMU	DAY	IP EL	IP NEL	ACC	OPFA	OPFU	GP-GP	GP-PN
0-15	22%	0%	4%	11%	14%	0%	15%	11%	10%	12%
16-64	59%	55%	57%	49%	55%	45%	65%	60%	65%	56%
65+	19%	45%	39%	39%	31%	55%	21%	28%	25%	31%
AGE GROUPS	AHP- PHY	AHP- OT	AHP- SLT	PHN	СІТ	RC-LT	RC-ST	нс	ІНС	нн
				PHN 9%	СІТ 0%	RC-LT 0%	RC-ST 0%	нс 0%	ІНС 0%	нн 0%
GROUPS	РНҮ	от	SLT							



Non-Demographic Growth

- **Epidemiological Trends**
- Lifestyle risk factors (smoking, alcohol consumption etc)
- Technological Developments (new drugs etc.)
- Socio-economic changes and changes in expectations of services
- Population with private health insurance
- Supply induced demand (e.g. additional funding for services unlocking demand)

Growth Period

	POD	Growt	il Period	Demographic	Demographic Growth –	Demographic Growth –
	100	No. of years	Range of years	Growth	Calculated Forecast	Adjusted Forecast
on-	Day Case	4	2012-2016	1.7%	1.3%	1.3% à 0.3% *
	IP EL	4	2012-2016	1.5%	-4.0%	-1.5%
	IP NEL	3	2013-2016	1.2%	-0.1%	0.0%
icute e)	ACC	3	2013-2016	2.3%	-2.0%	0.0%
-,	Residential Care Long Term	3	2013-2016	3.9%	-2.1%	-1.6%

Examples of N Demographic Growth calculations (a and social care



*During future years 1-5 (2017-2021), non-demographic growth is amended to the first activity growth percentage listed, and in the subsequent years 6-15 (2022-2031) non-demographic growth changes to the second percentage listed, reflecting potential saturation in shift from Inpatient to Day Case.

Non-

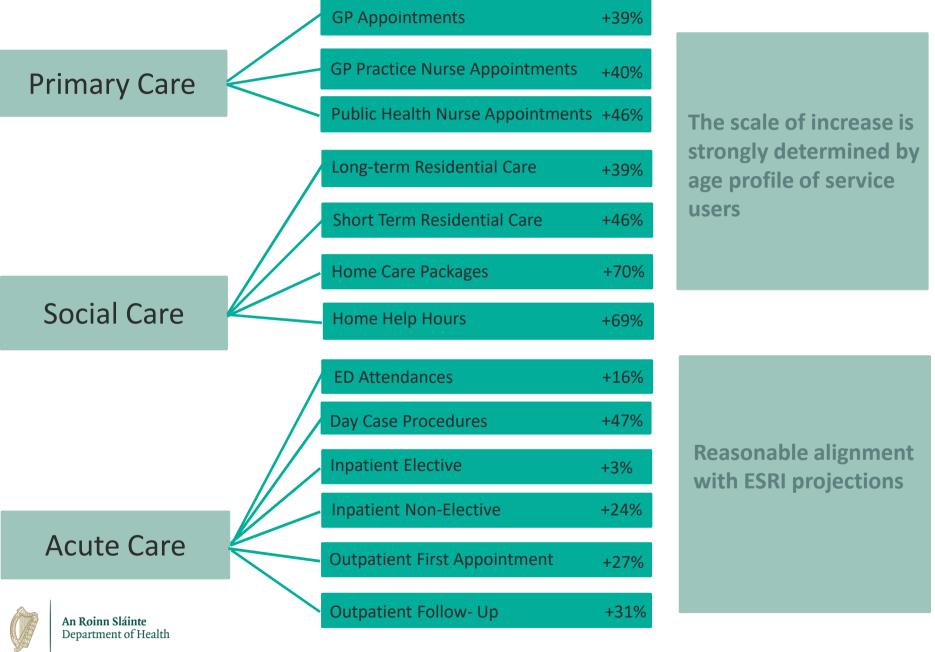
Non-

Key Findings*

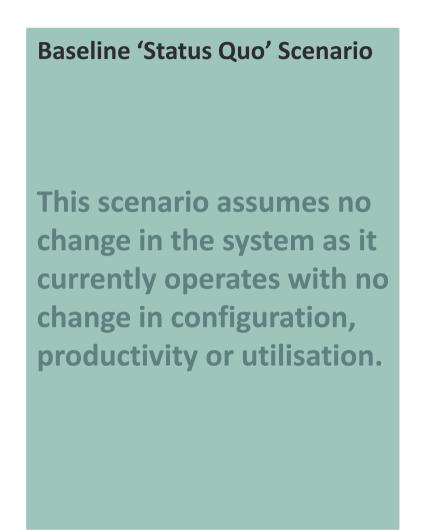


*Figures contained here are rounded as described in the Capacity Review Reports

Demand increases across all sectors is expected...



And the Report outlines two scenarios.....



Reform Scenario

This scenario examines the potential of a range of reform scenarios that would align with current national policies and reflect a desired future state for our health services.



Without Reform	Primary Care	With Reform
39% [+1,400]	GP Workforce Reflects the increased role for Practice Nurses in chronic disease management	29% [+1,030]
40% [+500]	and the shift in tasks to reflect a better skill mix in General Practice Practice Nurses	89% [+1,200]
46% [+700]	Public Health Nurses Moving towards comprehensive community	67% [+1,100]
PHY 38% [+200] OT 32% [+160] SLT -6% [-30]	care Allied Health Professionals	PHY 58% [+300] OT 50% [+260] SLT -11% [-50]

Without Reform	Social Care	With Reform	
39% [+10,100]	Long-term Residential Care	39% [+10,500]	
46% [+1,800]	Short-term Residential Care This aligns with the current policy focus on greater levels of home-care & short-term step	62% [+2,500]	
70% [+11,000]	up/down respite-type care. The focus is on keeping people at home and out of the acute setting as much as possible Home Care Packages	122% [+19,000]	
69% [+7.2m]	Home Help Hours	118% [+12.5m]	

Without Reform	Acute Care	With Reform	
37%	AMU Beds	0%	
[+160]	Improved throughput through improved management of services		
47% [+1,000]	Day Case Beds	14% [+300]	
56%	Inpatient Beds	20%	
[+5,800]	Reduced LOS in IP surgery due to better patient flow and reduced NEL admissions due to enhanced community care services	[+2,100]	
79% [+190]	Adult Critical Care Beds	79% [+190]	

Next Steps



High-level Recommendations

- Reform is needed to drive more appropriate models of care and to protect the sustainability of the system and investment must act as a catalyst
- There is a need for investment in capacity across all sectors, particularly in out-of-hospital care
- There is a need for a short-term increases in bed capacity to address potentially unsafe bed occupancy levels
- Further work required:
 - workforce requirements
 - Other services such as disabilities or mental health.
 - Roadmap for reform (Sláintecare Implementation)
 - Planning process for infrastructure development
 - developing evaluation frameworks to monitor and assess reform initiatives along with the development of robust and comprehensive data systems.
- Capital investment will be needed to enhance service provision and to drive reform. It is clear however that investment should go hand in hand with reform as the current configuration of the system is not optimal





The Capacity Review findings and recommendations informed the development of the National Development Plan, which has committed €10.9bn in capital spending for Health over the next 10 years, including:



2,600

Acute hospital beds

New Elective Hospitals in Cork, Galway and Dublin

4,500

Long- and short-term residential care beds



Planning and Delivery of Capacity and Reform

Capacity

Reform



An Roinn Sláinte Department of Health

- Capacity Review and NDP provide starting point for capital development
- There is a need for a short-term increases in bed capacity to address potentially unsafe bed occupancy levels
- Detailed planning for:
 - Elective Hospitals
 - o Acute Capacity Planning
 - Nursing Home Programme
- The Sláintecare Report provides the vision for the future of the health service
- The Implementation Plan, which will be published shortly, will outline the actions needed to realise this vision
- A number of recommendations outlined in Sláintecare have already been actioned
- Clinical, patient and broader stakeholder engagement throughout the reform process will be essential to success

Questions?

E-mail: Adam Monaghan@health.gov.ie

Capacity Review Executive and Main Reports available at: https://health.gov.ie/blog/publications/health-service-capacity-review-2018/

